## House File 194 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 194
BY COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(SUCCESSOR TO HSB 21)

## A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to statute-of-repose periods for improvements
- 2 to real property involving residential and nonresidential
- 3 construction and including applicability provisions.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

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- 1 Section 1. Section 614.1, subsection 11, Code 2015, is 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 11. Improvements to real property.
- 4 a. Residential construction. In addition to limitations
- 5 contained elsewhere in this section, an action arising out of
- 6 the unsafe or defective condition of an improvement to real
- 7 property residential construction based on tort and implied
- 8 warranty and for contribution and indemnity, and founded on
- 9 injury to property, real or personal, or injury to the person
- 10 or wrongful death, shall not be brought more than fifteen years
- ll after the date on which occurred the act or omission of the
- 12 defendant alleged in the action to have been the cause of the
- 13 injury or death. However, this subsection paragraph does not
- 14 bar an action against a person solely in the person's capacity
- 15 as an owner, occupant, or operator of an improvement to real 16 property.
- 17 b. Nonresidential construction. In addition to limitations
- 18 contained elsewhere in this section, an action arising out
- 19 of the unsafe or defective condition of an improvement to
- 20 nonresidential construction based on tort and implied warranty
- 21 and for contribution and indemnity, and founded on injury to
- 22 property, real or personal, or injury to the person or wrongful
- 23 death, shall not be brought more than ten years after the date
- 24 on which occurred the act or omission of the defendant alleged
- 25 in the action to have been the cause of the injury or death.
- 26 However, this paragraph does not bar an action against a person
- 27 solely in the person's capacity as an owner, occupant, or
- 28 operator of an improvement to real property.
- 29 c. Definitions. For purposes of this subsection,
- 30 "residential construction" means the same as defined in
- 31 section 572.1. "Nonresidential construction" means all other
- 32 construction that is not residential construction.
- 33 Sec. 2. APPLICABILITY. This Act does not apply to
- 34 residential-construction or nonresidential-construction
- 35 projects in existence prior to the effective date of this Act.

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1	EXPLANATION
2	The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with
3	the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
4	This bill relates to the statute-of-repose period in a
5	case arising out of the unsafe or defective condition of an
6	improvement to nonresidential construction.
7	Under current law, a case arising out of the unsafe or
8	defective condition of an improvement to real property, whether
9	residential or nonresidential construction, is subject to
10	a 15-year statute of repose. Such cases are based upon an
11	injury to property or an injury or death of a person. The bill
12	reduces the period of the statute of repose for cases relating
13	to nonresidential construction from 15 years to 10 years. The
14	statute-of-repose period for cases relating to residential
15	construction remains 15 years.
16	The bill defines "residential construction" by cross
17	reference to the definition of that term contained in Code
18	chapter 572, which relates to mechanic's liens. Code section
19	572.1 defines "residential construction" as construction on
20	single-family or two-family dwellings occupied or used, or
21	intended to be occupied or used, primarily for residential
22	purposes. The bill defines "nonresidential construction" as
23	any construction that is not residential construction.
24	A statute-of-repose period differs from a
25	statute-of-limitations period in that a statute of repose
26	establishes a time period after which a lawsuit based upon
27	negligence in an improvement to real property cannot be filed
28	regardless of whether an injury to a person or to property has
29	occurred. A statute-of-limitations period begins at the date
30	of the injury or upon discovery of the deficiency.
31	The bill does not reduce the statute of repose for
3 <b>2</b>	residential and nonresidential construction projects in
33	existence prior to the effective date of the Act.